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Příjemce: Střední zdravotnická škola a Vyšší odborná škola zdravotnická, Husova 3, 371 60 České Budějovice

Název materiálu: Entering the New World

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Popis způsobu použití materiálu ve výuce:

Výuková elektronická prezentace, která je určena pro seznámení žáků se základními pojmy a popisem imigrace do Spojených států v 19. století se zaměřením na lékařskou prohlídku, kterou museli podstoupit imigranti při vstupu do Spojených států v tematické oblasti kultura anglicky mluvících zemí. Materiál může sloužit jako názorná pomůcka doplňující výklad učitele, ale také je vhodná pro domácí přípravu žáků (např. zpřístupněním formou e-learningu). Materiál obsahuje zpětnou vazbu ověřující pochopení látky v podobě závěrečného snímku s otázkami k tématu.

Tento výukový materiál je spolufinancován Evropským sociálním fondem a státním rozpočtem České republiky.



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Entering the New World

FACTS

- ✘ Between 1824 and 1924 more than 34 million immigrants arrived at New York Harbour.
- ✘ They were looking for a new life in America.
- ✘ Their first sight of America from the sea was the Statue of Liberty.

WHERE DID THE PEOPLE COME FROM?

- ✘ Most people came from countries in Europe like Germany, Italy, Ireland, Russia, England, Scotland etc.
- ✘ The first immigrants arrived in the mid-1840s, when Europe experienced a terrible famine.
- ✘ They came mainly from Ireland, England, Germany, and Northern Europe.

IMMIGRANTS

- ✘ The second wave immigrants left Southern and Eastern Europe between 1890 and 1924.
- ✘ These immigrants tried to escape overpopulation, poverty, hunger.
- ✘ These new immigrants were also victims of political and religious persecution.
- ✘ America was a land of opportunity and a land of freedom.

IMMIGRANTS

- ✘ Men usually emigrated first. They tried to find work and housing.
- ✘ Later they sent for their wives, children, and parents.
- ✘ On the New Jersey side of the Hudson river there were the red brick buildings of Ellis Island.

ELLIS ISLAND

- ✘ Ellis Island was an official place of rules and questions, bureaucracy.
- ✘ Immigration officers interviewed about 5,000 people a day.
- ✘ Ellis Island opened for immigrants in 1892.
- ✘ It is estimated that about 12 million immigrants entered the New World via Ellis Island.

ELLIS ISLAND - NOW AND THEN



[1]



[2]

MEDICAL CHECK

- ✘ First, immigrants had a quick medical check.
- ✘ The doctors checked their physical condition and tested their eyes.
- ✘ If they didn't find any problems, the immigrants moved onto the second stage.
- ✘ An immigration officer asked 29 questions about age, nationality, address, relatives and a lot of other details.

MEDICAL CHECK

- ✘ Then, the immigrants were vaccinated and sprayed with disinfectant.
- ✘ Then, the immigrants were given landing cards.
- ✘ The landing card gave them the right to stay in America.

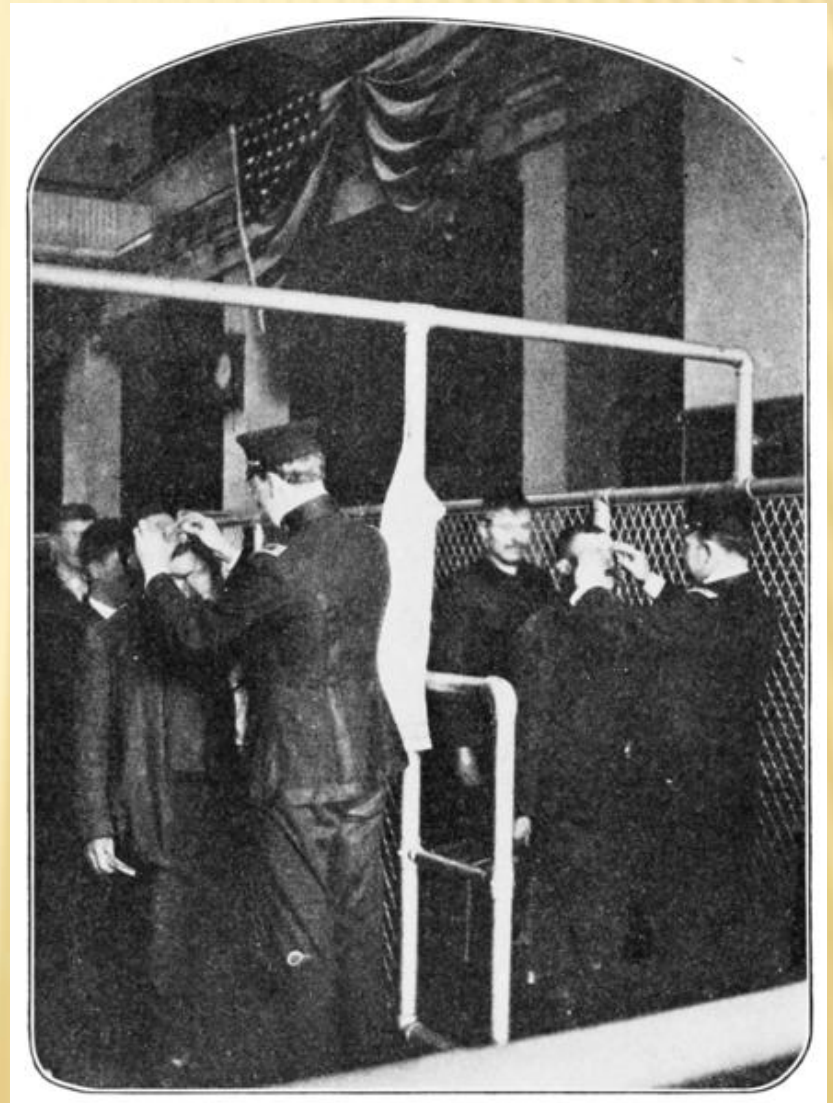
MEDICAL CHECK

- ✘ Some immigrants were not so lucky.
- ✘ The medical checks sometimes showed that there was a problem.
- ✘ Doctors wrote letters on the patient's back with chalk.
- ✘ They wrote E if there was a problem with the eyes.

MEDICAL CHECK



[3]



[4]

MEDICAL CHECK

- ✘ They wrote H if there was a heart problem.
- ✘ They wrote B if there was a back problem.
- ✘ Sometimes the immigrant stayed for some time in the hospital on Ellis Island.
- ✘ Some immigrants couldn't stay in America and had to travel back to Europe.

ELLIS ISLAND TODAY

- ✘ Today, Ellis Island is a museum of immigration to the USA.
- ✘ About 2 million people visit Ellis Island every year.
- ✘ Many of them want to see the place where their families went when they first arrived in the USA.

ELLIS ISLAND - REGISTRY ROOM



QUESTIONS

- ✘ How many immigrants arrived in New York between 1824 and 1924?
- ✘ What did they go to America for?
- ✘ What did men emigrate first?
- ✘ What happened to immigrants first?
- ✘ Why was the landing card important?
- ✘ What did H on an immigrant's back mean?
- ✘ What is Ellis Island used for today?

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