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Popis způsobu použití materiálu ve výuce:

Výuková elektronická prezentace, která je určena pro seznámení žáků se základními pojmy a popisem Prahy jako hlavního města České republiky v tematické oblasti English Speaking Countries and The Czech Republic (Anglicky mluvící země a Česká republika). Materiál může sloužit jako názorná pomůcka doplňující výklad učitele, ale také je vhodná pro domácí přípravu žáků (např. zpřístupněním formou e-learningu). Materiál obsahuje zpětnou vazbu ověřující pochopení látky v podobě závěrečného snímku s otázkami k tématu.
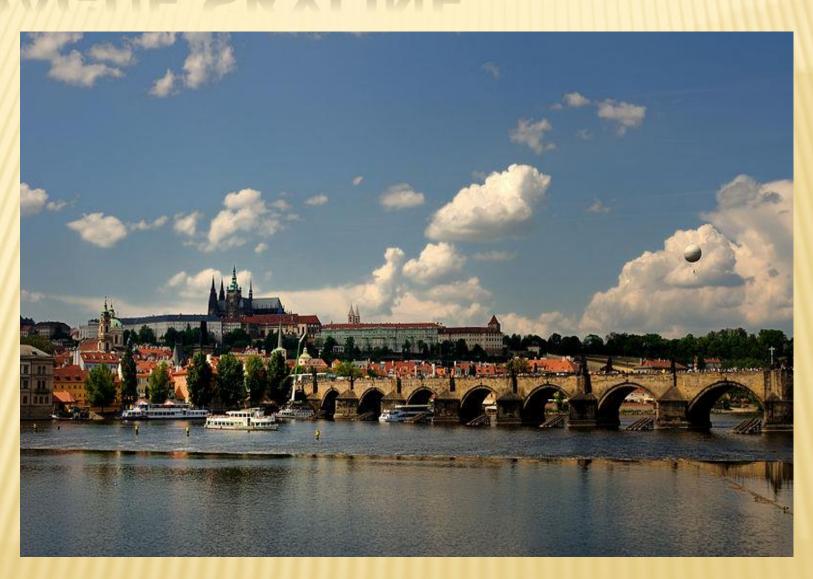
Prague

PRAGUE

- Prague is the capital city of the Czech republic.
- It is also the largest city of the Czech Republic.
- The population of Prague is 1.3 million people (2012).
- Prague is situated in central Bohemia, the western part of the Czech Republic.
- Prague lies on the Vltava river.

PRAGUE SKYLINE

[1]

HISTORY

* The city, established in the 9th century, was the seat of Czech princes and later kings of Bohemia and became the political heart of the Czech State.

* Charles IV (1316–1378), Bohemian King and Holy Roman Emperor, chose the city as the capital of his whole Empire.

* He founded Charles University, St. Vitus Cathedral, Charles Bridge and the New Town.

HISTORY

- Many of the most beautiful things we associate with Prague can be traced back to Charles IV.
- Many events have occurred in the city as well.
- Prague is connected with the Czech religious reformer Jan Hus and the Hussite movement.
- Prague was also where the Thirty Year's War began with the uprising of the Czech Estates in the early 17th century.

HISTORY

- The Czech National Revival is also associated with Prague.
- In 1918, the city became the capital of the independent Czechoslovakia.
- The Velvet revolution started in Prague in November 1989.
- It became the capital of the Czech Republic after the peaceful division of Czechoslovakia in 1993.

ARCHITECTURE

- Prague is famous fo its architecture.
- Tourists can admire many styles including Gothic, Baroque, Art Nouveau, Cubism, etc.
- A variety of architecture can be seen all over the city from the Gothic St. Vitus Cathedral to the Art Noveau Municipal House.
- The Dancing House built in 1990s is an example of modern architecture.

PRAGUE DISTRICTS

- The old centre of Prague consists of five historical districts.
- Old Town, New Town and Josefov (the former Jewish Town) are situated on the right bank of the Vltava.
- The Lesser Quarter and Hradčany (the Castle District) are on the left bank.

PRAGUE CASTLE

* Prague Castle is probably the most famous sight of Prague.

* From the square outside the castle tourists can admire the city below.

* The complex of the castle includes late Gothic Vladislav Hall, Spanish Hall and Rudolph Gallery.

* The most impressive building of the Castle is St. Vitus Cathedral completed in 1929.

PRAGUE CASTLE

- St. Vitus Cathedral holds the nation´s crown jewels.

- Other beautiful places are the Convent and Basilica of St. George.

- Golden Lane is another well-known place with tiny houses from 16th century

CHARLES BRIDGE

[2]

ST. VITUS CATHEDRAL

[3]

CHARLES BRIDGE

- Charles Bridge is 516 meters long and 10 meters wide. It is an open-air gallery of unique Baroque statues.

- Charles Bridge ranks among the greatest monuments in Prague. Its construction began on 9th July 1357 at 5.31 a.m.

- According to astrologists at the time, it was the best date and time for laying the foundation stone.

CHARLES BRIDGE

- The legend says that eggs were used to make a strong substance to hold the bridge together.
- In about the middle of the bridge stands the statue of St. John of Nepomuk, the patron saint and other 30 sculptures and groups of statues mainly of Baroque origin (some of them made by artists of that time Brown and Brokoff).

OLD TOWN SQUARE

- The Old Town Square is another significant historical spot.
- It used to be the most important market place in Prague and the scene of many historical events.
- Its main monument is the Old Town Hall with its world-famous astronomical clock with the statues of the Apostles.

PRAGUE TODAY

- It is the seat of the president of the Czech Republic, the government, the parliament and other institutions.

- It is an important political, cultural and economic centre.

- The city is very cultural. The theatres include the National Theatre, the State Opera House and the Estates Theatre.

PRAGUE TODAY

- There are also a lot of museums such as the National Museum, The National Technical Museum, the Jewish Museum, etc.

- Sport is also popular in Prague, especially ice hockey and football.

- The public transport include the underground (metro), trams, buses, taxis.

- There is Vaclav Havel airport (former Ruzyně airport).

QUESTIONS:

- What is the population of Prague?
- Where is Prague located?
- What do you know about the history of Prague?
- Who was Charles IV?
- What do you know about Prague Castle?
- What happened in Prague in November 1989?

QUESTIONS

* What Prague Districts do you know?
* Why is Prague popular with tourists?
* What do you know about Prague Castle?
* What do you know about Charles Bridge?
* How can you get around Prague?
* Where could I get cultural experience?
* Do you know any Prague theatres?

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