

Projekt: Digitální učební materiály ve škole, registrační číslo projektu CZ.1.07/1.5.00/34.0527

Příjemce: Střední zdravotnická škola a Vyšší odborná škola zdravotnická, Husova 3, 371 60 České Budějovice

Název materiálu: Ireland

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Datum (období) vytvoření: 9.11.2012

Zařazení materiálu:

Šablona: Inovace a zkvalitnění výuky prostřednictvím ICT (III/2)

Předmět: Anglický jazyk, 4. ročník

Sada: AJ6

Číslo DUM: 09

Tematická oblast: English Speaking Countries and The Czech Republic

Ověření materiálu ve výuce:

Datum ověření: 23.11.2012

Ověřující učitel: Mgr. Milan Kovář

Třída: MSR4

Popis způsobu použití materiálu ve výuce:

Výuková elektronická prezentace, která je určena pro seznámení žáků se základními pojmy a popisem Irska v tematické oblasti English Speaking Countries and The Czech Republic (Anglicky mluvící země a Česká republika). Materiál může sloužit jako názorná pomůcka doplňující výklad učitele, ale také je vhodná pro domácí přípravu žáků (např. zpřístupněním formou e-learningu). Materiál obsahuje zpětnou vazbu ověřující pochopení látky v podobě závěrečného snímku s otázkami k tématu.

Tento výukový materiál je spolufinancován Evropským sociálním fondem a státním rozpočtem České republiky.



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Ireland

WICKLOW MOUNTAINS



BASIC FACTS

- ✘ Ireland is an island separated from Great Britain by the Irish Sea.
- ✘ There are two states.
- ✘ Northern Ireland (1.8 million people) is a part of Great Britain as well as Scotland, Wales, and England. The capital of Northern Ireland is Belfast.
- ✘ Ireland (Republic of Ireland, Eire) is an independent state.

REPUBLIC OF IRELAND (EIRE)

- ✘ The capital city of Ireland is Dublin.
- ✘ Population: 4.6 million people (2012)
- ✘ Area: 70,273 sq km
- ✘ Two main languages are spoken in Ireland: Irish and English. Both languages are official.
- ✘ Irish language (Irish Gaelic) is a compulsory subject in the state education system in the Republic.

GEOGRAPHY

- ✘ Ireland is about 486 km north–south and 275 km east–west.
- ✘ It has an extremely mild climate and lots of rain.
- ✘ The rain is good for growing grass.
- ✘ Ireland is known as the Emerald Island.
- ✘ Ireland has 26 counties (administrative districts). (The remaining 6 counties belong to Northern Ireland)

GEOGRAPHY

- ✘ It is separated from the island of Great Britain by the Irish Sea and the North Channel is the narrowest place (23 km).
- ✘ The Atlantic Ocean is to the west and to the south is the Celtic Sea, which lies between Ireland and Brittany, in France.
- ✘ Ireland and Great Britain, together with nearby islands, are known as the British Isles.

GEOGRAPHY

- ✘ Low plains at the centre of the island are surrounded by a ring of coastal mountains.
- ✘ The highest mountain is Carrauntoohil which rises to 1,038 m above sea level.
- ✘ Western areas are mountainous and rocky.
- ✘ The Shannon river is the longest river (386 km).

THE WICKLOW MOUNTAINS



IRELAND



CITIES

- ✘ Dublin is both the largest and the capital city of Ireland.
- ✘ The population of Dublin is about 1.1 million people (2012).
- ✘ The other cities include Cork (200,000 people - 2012), Limerick (92,000), Derry (91,000) and Galway (77,000).

DUBLIN

- ✘ Dublin is more than 1,000 years old.
- ✘ It has a strong history of writers and poets like Oscar Wilde and James Joyce.
- ✘ Its main tourist attractions are Dublin Castle, St. Patrick's Cathedral, O'Connell Street and the Guinness Brewery.
- ✘ The city is famous for live Irish music, bars and pubs.

DUBLIN - THE TEMPLE BAR



TOP TOURIST SITES

- ✘ Top tourist sites include Dingle Way Peninsula, the Cliffs of Moher, the lakes of Killarney National Park, Wicklow Mountains National Parks, Kilkenny Castle, Blarney Castle and other medieval castles.
- ✘ The Ring of Kerry is a tourist trail covering mountains, castles and bays.

CLIFFS OF MOHER



CLIFFS OF MOHER



RELIGION

- ✘ Ireland's largest religious group is Christianity. The largest denomination is Roman Catholicism representing over 87% of the Republic of Ireland.
- ✘ Most of the rest of the population belong to Protestant denominations (about 53% of Northern Ireland).
- ✘ The largest is the Anglican Church of Ireland.

NEWGRANGE



POULNABRONE DOLMEN



ST. PATRICK'S DAY

- ✘ Saint Patrick's Day is a public holiday in the Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland.
- ✘ It is also widely celebrated by the Irish people all around the world, especially in places such as Great Britain, Canada, the United States, Australia, New Zealand, etc.
- ✘ Today, St. Patrick's Day is probably the most widely celebrated saint's day in the world.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY

- ✘ Saint Patrick's Day or the Feast of Saint Patrick (Irish: Lá Fhéile Pádraig, "the Day of the Festival of Patrick") is a cultural and religious holiday celebrated on 17 March.
- ✘ It commemorates Saint Patrick (387–461).
- ✘ He was the most famous patron saint of Ireland.

ST. PATRICK'S

- ✘ He is famous for bringing Christianity to Ireland.
- ✘ Saint Patrick is the patron saint and national apostle of Ireland.
- ✘ Little is known of Patrick's early life.
- ✘ He was born in Roman Britain in the fourth century, into a wealthy family.
- ✘ At the age of sixteen, he was kidnapped by Irish raiders and taken to Ireland as a slave.

WHO WAS ST. PATRICK?

- ✘ According to his Confession, he was told by God in a dream to flee from captivity to the coast, where he would board a ship and return to Britain.
- ✘ After he fled from captivity he joined the Church and studied to be a priest.
- ✘ In 432 he was called back to Ireland.
- ✘ As a bishop, his task was to christianize the Irish from their polytheism.

SHAMROCK

- ✘ Why is the Shamrock the National Flower of Ireland?
- ✘ Legend says that one of his teaching methods included using the shamrock to explain the Christian doctrine of the Trinity to the Irish people.

SHAMROCK AND ST. PATRICK



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WHISKEY

- ✘ Ireland once dominated the world's market for whiskey, producing 90% of the world's whiskey at the beginning of the 20th century.
- ✘ Irish whiskey is popular both domestically and internationally.
- ✘ Typically, Irish whiskey is not as smoky as a Scotch whisky, but not as sweet as an American whiskey.
- ✘ Whiskey forms the basis of traditional cream liqueurs (Baileys), and the “Irish coffee”.

GUINNESS

- ✘ Stout, particularly Guinness (kind of porter beer) is typically associated with Ireland (Guinness Brewery in Dublin).
- ✘ However, historically it was more closely associated with London.
- ✘ Guinness remains very popular, although it has lost sales since the mid-20th century to lager.
- ✘ Cider, particularly Mangers, is also a popular drink.

GUINNESS BEER



QUESTIONS:

- ✘ What is the capital of Ireland?
- ✘ What is the capital of Northern Ireland?
- ✘ What is the population of Ireland?
- ✘ Can you name any cities and towns in Ireland?
- ✘ What do you know about Dublin?
- ✘ Do you know the national symbols of Ireland?
- ✘ What do you know about St. Patrick?

SEZNAM POUŽITÉ LITERATURY A PRAMENŮ:

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